IAEA Strategies to Strengthen the Effectiveness and Improve the Efficiency of IAEA Safeguards

Jill N. Cooley Director, Division of Concepts and Planning Department of Safeguards

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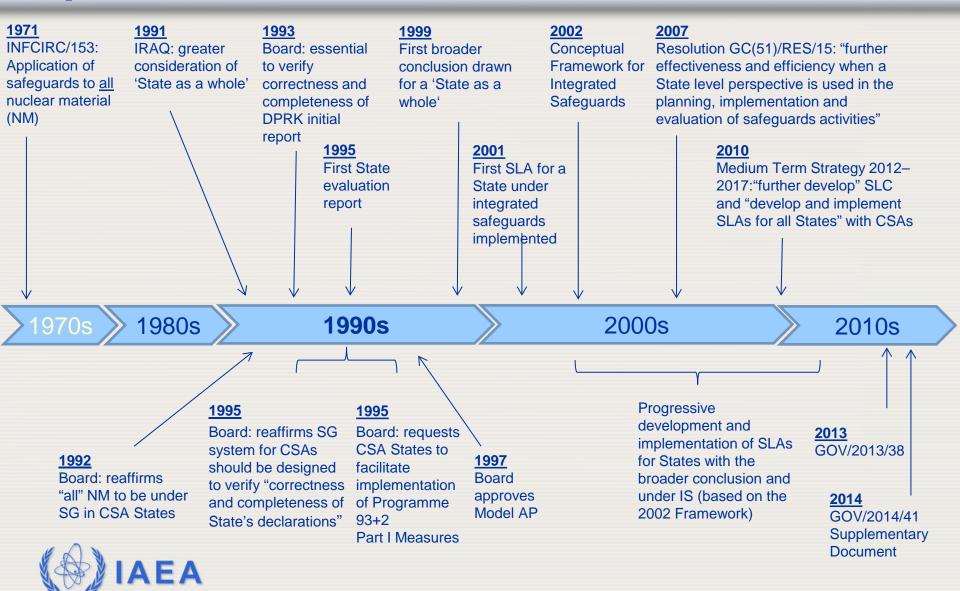


State-Level Concept

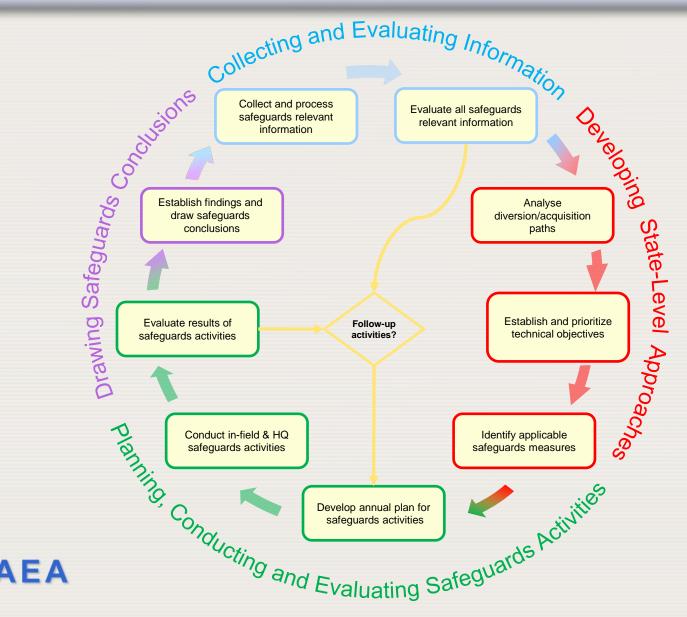
The general notion of implementing safeguards in a manner that considers a State's nuclear and nuclear-related activities and capabilities as a whole, within the scope of the State's safeguards agreement



Key Developments in Safeguards Implementation for the 'State as a whole'



Processes Supporting Safeguards Implementation as Applied to all States



State-Specific Factors

- Safeguards-relevant factors particular to a State used in the development of an State-level approach and in the planning, conduct and evaluation of safeguards activities for that State
- Based on factual information about a State, are objective and are objectively assessed by the Agency in the implementation of safeguards for a State



State-Specific Factors

- i. The type of safeguards agreement in force for the State and the nature of the safeguards conclusion drawn by the Agency
- ii. The nuclear fuel cycle and related technical capabilities of the State
- iii. The technical capabilities of the State or regional system of accounting for and control of nuclear material (SSAC/RSAC)
- iv. The ability of the Agency to implement certain safeguards measures in the State
- v. The nature and scope of cooperation between the State and the Agency in the implementation of safeguards
- vi. The Agency's experience in implementing safeguards in the State



SLC Overview and Key Points

- SLC is applicable to all States, within the scope of the State's safeguards agreement
- Elements of the SLC have been applied for several years to varying degrees for all States, but customized State-level approaches (SLAs) have so far only been implemented for the 53 States under integrated safeguards
- The Secretariat envisages the updating of the existing SLAs and the progressive development of SLAs for other States in the future
- In developing and implementing an SLA, the Agency will conduct consultations with the State and/or regional authority, especially on implementation of in-field measures
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SLC Overview and Key Points (2)

- Generic safeguards objectives are established on the basis of the State's SG agreement to implement effective SG and are common to all States with the same type of SG agreement
- The technical objectives (TOs) contained in a State's SLA will remain within the scope of the State's SG agreement
- The acquisition/diversion path analyses used to establish TOs are structured, technical methods and do not involve judgments about States' intentions to pursue any such path
- SLA implementation will focus on attaining the TOs instead of mechanistically carrying out SG activities listed in the Safeguards Criteria



SLC Key Assurances

- The implementation of SG in the context of the SLC will not entail any additional rights or obligations, nor modification in their interpretation
- SLAs will not introduce any new safeguards measures beyond those set out in a State's SG agreement, and adjustments in their implementation will be made within the flexibility provided in the SG agreement and subsidiary arrangements
- It is essential that effectiveness of safeguards be maintained – nuclear material accountancy and its verification in the field will remain at the core, and verification effort will continue to focus on sensitive stages of the nuclear fuel cycle

SLC Key Assurance (2)

- There will be more systematic consideration and better use of the six objective State-specific factors, which are based on technical considerations and will be used objectively
- SG implementation in the context of the SLC will not introduce any changes to the type of information being used, and States will not be required to provide any additional information beyond their existing legal obligations
- The Agency will continue to conduct rigorous review and validation of all safeguards relevant information



Strengthening Cooperation and Partnerships

Strategies

- Work to ensure that all States have competent State SG authorities and support States in making their SSACs/RSACs more effective
- Make greater use of technically capable SSACs/RSACs, realizing efficiencies in safeguards implementation where possible





- Engage States to increase the voluntary sharing of safeguards relevant information
- Increase cooperation and improve coordination with Member State Support Programmes (MSSPs)



Strengthening Cooperation and Partnerships

Strategies

 Develop and promote the concept of 'safeguardability' to facilitate effective and efficient future safeguards implementation





- Participate in international efforts (e.g. INPRO) to increase nuclear facilities' resistance to proliferation
- Share implementation experiences and good practices with other organizations and entities combating the proliferation of nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction, as appropriate



Thank You



